

JAIL FOR NAVAL STORES MEN

SHOTTER AND MYERS SENTENCED TO SERVE 3 MONTHS.

Five Aggregating \$17,500 Assessed Against Five Officers of the American Naval Stores Company, who were convicted of violating the Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 14.—In the United States Court this afternoon Judge W. B. Sheppard passed sentence on the officers of the American Naval Stores Company who were convicted on Monday of violating the Sherman anti-trust act. He overruled the motion for arrest of judgment and in a court room crowded with members of the naval stores trade and others pronounced sentences as follows:

S. P. Shotton, Savannah, chairman board of directors, \$5,000 fine and three months in Chatham county jail.

E. S. Nash, Savannah, president American Naval Stores Company, \$3,000 fine.

J. F. Cooper Myers, Savannah, vice-president American Naval Stores Company, \$2,000 fine and three months in jail.

Carl Moeller, Jacksonville, Fla., representing the American Naval Stores Company, \$2,000 fine.

George M. Boardman, Brooklyn, N. Y., treasurer American Naval Stores Company, \$2,000 fine.

Notice of an appeal was filed. Judge Sheppard placed the bond for the defendants at \$20,000, which was arranged for.

Judge Sheppard prefaced the announcement of each fine with a short talk to the defendant and in his plea to stand. He first called upon Mr. Moeller to stand and when he had arisen asked if he had anything to say in his own defense. He then passed sentence. He made about the same statement to Mr. Boardman.

When he passed sentence upon Mr. Myers that defendant, who was some distance from the bench, did not seem to quite catch the length of his jail sentence. "Three months in jail, did you say, Judge?" he inquired. "Three months," the Court replied.

There were no preliminaries to the fine of Mr. Nash. The Court merely announced the penalty. When he called upon Mr. Shotton to arise the court room was deathly still. There were probably 700 people on hand, but not a sound was heard except the voice of the Court. Shotton said he had nothing to add to what his counsel had said in his behalf. Judge Sheppard declared the attorneys had represented him with great readiness and that it was a very painful duty to have to impose the sentence which he had decided to give him. He then pronounced sentence and Mr. Shotton took his seat.

DAVID L. EINSTEIN'S WILL.

Widow and Daughter, Get the Bulk of the Large Estate.

The will of David L. Einstein, the woolen manufacturer who died in London a week ago, where he had gone to witness the marriage of his daughter, Mrs. Florence Seligman, to Prof. Charles Waldstein, the archaeologist of Cambridge, was filed yesterday. It was executed on January 14, 1907, and named as one of the executors his son-in-law, Theodore Seligman, husband of Florence. He died in Switzerland six months after the will was executed. The other executors are his daughter Florence and his brothers-in-law, Kalman Haas and Solomon Plattman.

Mr. Einstein leaves to his wife, Caroline, all his household furniture and effects, the house at 28 West Fifty-seventh street and \$25,000 in cash. In regard to the cash bequest he suggests that Mrs. Einstein give it to some charity, but says that the gift is absolute.

The will creates three trust funds of \$125,000 each. The income to go to his daughters Florence and Amy, the latter the wife of Joel E. Spingarn, and his son, Lewis, third secretary of the American Embassy at Paris. Lewis married Helen Hall of London, a member of the well known Greek family of that name.

The residue of the estate is divided into three equal shares and goes to his three daughters. Half of the income of both estates goes to the widow for life, and the half income of two of the shares goes to Mrs. Seligman for life. The half income of the third share goes to Mrs. Spingarn. On the widow's death the income of two shares goes to Mrs. Seligman, who has the right to dispose of the principle of one of them as she sees fit, provided that those who receive it are of her father's blood. The principal of the other share goes to her estate. Mrs. Spingarn will receive the full income of the share on her mother's death, and the principal will go to her children.

The will provides that all amounts advanced to any of the children be charged to their bequests without interest. It provides that when the executors will sell the testator's stock in the Sunnyside Manufacturing Company and the Woolen Mills it be offered to the other stockholders according to his agreement with them. Loans to either of these concerns are renewed as long as the family has an interest.

MOVE AGAINST BILLBOARDS.

Montclair Organization's Members May Not Patronize Merchants Who Use Them.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 14.—Merchants who offend members of the Montclair Society, a local organization devoted to the improvement of the north end of this town, by using unsightly billboards to advertise their goods may find themselves subjected to an odd form of boycott. The society today issued a statement concerning the matter, which has aroused much interest here. It is in part as follows:

There is no legal way to prevent the erection of such signs on private property or to cause their removal from the streets, but the community has in its hands a very effective method of making them worthless as advertising mediums by refusing to buy the goods so advertised. No advertiser will spend his money on such displays when it is well understood that the community which he seeks to interest in his goods are averse to that kind of advertising, and if you are in sympathy with this movement your indorsement is desired.

The society has sent out cards bearing this statement, which the recipients are requested to sign and return:

"I am opposed to the erection of signs for advertising purposes in Upper Montclair, and the policy of my firm is not to buy goods advertised in that manner."

The society declares that in that manner it is understood that nothing in the nature of a boycott against any individual firm is to be attempted. It has been advised that there is no legal objection to such a method of warfare on the billboards.

The Montclair Society is an influential organization, with a membership of 127 men and women. It has been in existence for twenty-five years and has done much to add to the attractiveness of the northern part of Montclair.

Wife Accused of Killing Husband.

ST. PAUL, May 14.—Mrs. Minnie Arbogast, wife of Louis E. Arbogast, the wealthy butcher who was murdered yesterday at his home, is a prisoner at the St. Paul City Hospital. The police have been puzzled by the absence of a motive. Excepting for trifling family jars and the opposition of the family to Mr. Arbogast's proposed trip to the Yukon, there was no disturbance in the city. The police are inclined to think the killing was an act of insanity.

COMSTOCK DEFEATS CARRY.

One Armed Negro Who Wouldn't Carry Him in Summit Guilty of Law Breaking.

SUMMIT, N. J., May 14.—One armed Jim Perry, the colored hooligan who is the hero of innumerable encounters with Anthony Comstock, the vice fighter, has at last been worsted. Last night he was found guilty of violating section 15 of the city ordinance in refusing on April 30 to drive the crusader to his home outside the city limits. Judge Hloke ruled that so long as Perry took fares in the city he must carry them wherever they wanted to go, whether outside the city limits or not. Comstock lives beyond the pale, and on the few occasions Perry has accepted his commission he has not been as well rewarded or as considerably treated as he thought he ought to be.

The Judge suspended sentence, but said he would send the report to the City Council and give that body the opportunity to revoke Perry's license if it sees fit to do so. That is one of the things Comstock wanted. He pleaded hard with the Judge to impose a heavy fine on the man who has defied him.

Comstock tried to ring in a lot of evidence concerning the trouble, but he had ever since the first time Perry made up his mind that he would avoid Comstock. It is a fact that several times they have come together and each time there was a struggle. Sometimes Perry would be forced to carry his unwelcome fare and at other times, as on the occasion in question, by a dodge he has managed to get rid of him. On April 30 Perry maintained that he had a previous order and got a policeman to help him eject the persisting vice crusader. In his argument that night Comstock is charged with having used uncomplimentary terms and Perry with having insulted the noted man.

BOROUGH PRESIDENT MAY NOT Suspend a Classified Employee While There is Work for Him to Do.

The Appellate Term of the Supreme Court decided yesterday that a Borough President has no power to suspend a classified civil service employee while he has work for him to do, although he may engage and discharge his own immediate office staff at will. The decision was given in the suit of Bernard Shene, a transman in the office of Borough President Cromwell of Richmond, at a salary of \$1,500 a year. When he was suspended he sued for \$200 back pay, and while the Municipal Court of Richmond decided in favor of the Borough President the action is now sent back for a new trial.

It would seem that a Borough President may not lay off or suspend a capable classified civil service employee while there is work for him to do within the appropriation because of his (perhaps baseless) apprehension that in a succeeding period of office he will be financially unable to make further appropriations for continuing the work.

SANBORN CLEARED BUT HELD.

Accidental Killing of Girl in Mexican Riot Still Against Chicago Youth.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—Harold Sanborn of Chicago, son of President Sanborn of the Junta Plantation Company, who is in jail at Rincon Antonio, Isthmus of Tehuantepec, charged with the killing of several Mexicans during a recent riot at the plantation headquarters, has been cleared of being directly responsible for any of the deaths.

He is still held, however, on the charge that one of the bullets from his gun accidentally killed a girl who was in a nearby house.

BALKED AT LICENSE BUREAU.

Prospective Bride Refused to Take Necessary Credentials to Wed.

ALBANY, May 14.—John B. Carriere, chief of the marriage license bureau at the City Hall, waited in vain today for William Alexander Newberry, who said he was a traveling salesman, with his permanent abode in New York City, and Miss Jennie Noll, who claims Georgia as her home. The couple appeared at the marriage license bureau yesterday to secure the necessary credentials to wed. The prospective bride backed out at the last minute.

"I'll not take the license," insisted Miss Noll, stamping her feet in defiance of Newberry's appeals. "We'll get on to-morrow. Maybe I'll change my mind then and maybe I won't." Newberry was very much embarrassed. He urged his companion to accept the license and suggested that she had plenty of time to change her mind after she got that document. Miss Noll said she didn't intend to take any chances.

Both men and women were fashionably dressed. Newberry stood the questioning of the bureau clerk all right and the woman got as far as her name and her home town when she said she had lost her destroyed Newberry's certificate and the half completed certificate of the woman. He could not recall any detail which might better identify the couple.

JOINT COMMITTEE NAMED.

It is to Report a Plan for a Board of Control for State Institutions.

ALBANY, May 14.—Lieut.-Gov. White and Speaker Wadsworth today announced the joint legislative committee recommended by Gov. Hughes which is to investigate and report to the Legislature a plan for a board of control for all State institutions with a view of securing uniform salaries for all employees in these institutions and to act as a purchasing board to buy the supplies in bulk with a view of securing lower prices. The committee, the members of which are Senators Alda of Chenango, Cobb of Jefferson (Rep.) and Ransperger of Erie (Dem.) and Assemblymen G. H. Whitely, J. B. Barlow, Edwin A. Merrill, of St. Lawrence, J. S. Parker of Washington, C. Smith of Otsego (Rep.) and Daniel D. Frieble of Schoharie (Dem.).

The committee was organized to investigate the New York City Charter, the direct primaries and the Public Service Commission questions will be appointed on April 25.

SITE FOR NEW HOSPITAL.

Farmingdale, L. I., Offers One to State Commission in Lunacy.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 14.—Copies of resolutions were received today by the commission from the village board and the board of trade of Farmingdale, L. I., asking the State Commission in Lunacy to locate the State Insane Hospital at the village. The commission has favored the site at Greenvale and Jericho, but such opposition came from the residents of the villages that the commission decided to look elsewhere. President J. Edward Smith of Farmingdale, who is president of the board of managers will look over the Farmingdale site.

The commission seems to think a site offered at Farmingdale is the most available yet offered, but would not disclose its location for the present.

Bills Signed by Gov. Hughes.

ALBANY, May 14.—Gov. Hughes has signed these bills:

Assemblyman Colne's, providing that in New York City children may be committed to charitable institutions caring for inmates of like religious belief and give them manual or industrial training until they shall attain the age of 18 years, provided the State Board of Charities shall certify that the institution and training at such institution are sufficient and satisfactory.

Assemblyman W. M. Miller's, permitting municipalities in Nassau county to tap New York City's water supply in the county as a water supply for the city, and prohibiting the municipalities in the same as public as Brooklyn water users are charged.

Greenhut and Company Dry Goods

Men's \$3.50 to \$5 Silk Negligee

Shirts—Special, Saturday \$2.55

That's not the only interesting item, either. We've another shipment of those initial shirts that created such a furore last Saturday at \$1.55. Doubled up on our order and we're ready to duplicate the greatest day's shirt selling this house has ever known.

But to get back to the silk shirt news—It's a limited number originally made for the most exclusive men's furnishing house in New York. Sold to us at about half price.

They are silk, also silk and linen. Some are pleated soft bosoms and others plain. Some are in light plain colors, others in smart striped effects. Have double French and plain cuffs. Made with neck bands, although a few have collars. Former prices range from \$3.50 to \$5. Special for this sale \$2.55

Men's \$2 Madras Shirts with Silk Embroidery Initial at \$1.55

In the first place, the shirts surpass any previous offering you have ever known. They equal in every respect the best custom-made shirts, except a silk embroidered initial, and we add that without extra cost.

It's an innovation in shirt selling—one that has caught on like the proverbial "wildfire"—and all week long we've had inquiries for more initial shirts, so here they are.

Coat models, attached cuffs. The equal in every way of custom-made shirts. Special today \$1.55

Men's New Neckwear, 50c. Complete line of men's stylish neckwear in fancy and plain colors.

Men's Belts in black and tan, 50c

Main Floor—Greenhut and Company—For Saturday's Selling.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Greenhut & Co. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

HEARINGS ON 30 DAY BILLS

OPPOSITION TO THE GRADY TENEMENT HOUSE MEASURE.

A Penal Code Amendment Advocated and Opposed—Bill Allowing Insurance Companies to Insure on the Industrial Plan Opposed by Big Delegation.

ALBANY, May 14.—John P. Leo, Louis Berger and others, representing the New York Society of Architects in New York City, opposed at the hearing before Gov. Hughes today Senator Grady's bill relating some of the rigid provisions of the tenement house law without reducing its efficiency, especially regarding the location of fire escapes, rooms in basements and cellar floors.

The Grady bill was drafted by real estate associations in Manhattan above Fourteenth street and was approved by the Tenement House Committee and Commissioner Edmund J. Butler. The architects insisted that no discretion should be lodged with the Commissioner, as they deemed him incompetent and arbitrary. Those who favored the bill insisted that the owners of about 4,000 small tenements desired these changes in the law and that the architects were opposed to Commissioner Butler because they could not sway him their way and for the reason that they desired legislation for a board of appeal to review the Tenement House Commissioner's decisions and could not get it.

Mr. Berger questioned the wisdom of giving the Commissioner discretion in determining the character of fire escapes to be erected, the proposed law calling for fire escape capable of carrying a sufficient load.

"Who is to determine what is a sufficient load?" demanded Mr. Berger of the Governor, and judging from the laughter and comments which followed Mr. Berger's inquiry there were several present who felt competent.

The Governor merely smiled and shrugged his shoulders. It was apparent that the Governor intended to sign the bill after he had listened to the reasons for its enactment given by Lawrence F. Walker, representing the advocates of the original tenement house law.

Judge Franklin M. Danaher strongly advocated favorable action by Gov. Hughes on the bill of Assemblyman Edwin J. Barlow amending the Penal Code with a view of preventing the formation and operation of corporations to conduct a legal business. The bills would not afford any relief to the owners of organizations, or title guarantee or casualty companies, but rather seek to prevent the work of the legal profession being gobbled by corporations and to amend the discipline of the court.

William M. Chadbourne, representing the Credit Clearing House of New Jersey, Darwin J. Meserole, appearing for the Cooperative Law Company, and a number of credit collection agencies opposed the bills, declaring that they would prevent them hiring attorneys to protect their clients.

The advocates of the bills insisted that this was just the point aimed at, and that clients should hire their own attorneys. The bills would not affect the right of clients to select and client and the fear of the discipline of the court always would be present.

The fraternal assessment insurance societies had a delegation of speakers present in opposition to Senator Grady's bill permitting insurance companies to insure on the industrial plan, with weekly or monthly assessments on the policyholders' commissions and premium collection fees, and would, it is anticipated, permit the man in ordinary walks of life to get a sound insurance policy from an insurance company at a substantially reduced rate. The representatives of the assessment companies argued that if the bill became a law the younger risks would be drawn away from them, leaving only the old men unable to bear the doubled premiums which would result and that disruption of the assessment companies would follow.

H. L. Rosenfield, representing the Equitable Life Assurance Society, favored the bill, saying that the assessment companies had a big rate war which was the result of experience, and that if the regular life insurance companies could get their risks in blocks of 100 they could make a premium rate war which would attract some of the members of the assessment organizations and thus help solve a problem which is of much interest in the insurance world.

"If this bill becomes a law," said Mr. Rosenfield, "the Equitable will be able to issue a policy to the workman at a weekly or monthly premium which can be met readily by the housewife with the same regularity as the bill of the butcher and the baker."

C. E. Schaff Gets Back Private Car.

HARLINGTON, Tex., May 14.—The private car of C. E. Schaff, a vice-president of the New York Central Railroad, is being sent to Harlingen, Tex., for the purpose of clearing land here for Mr. Schaff, who was released today and is occupied by Mr. Schaff, who gave a bond of \$500. Mr. Schaff says the bill is excessive.



Are you looking over the stile toward vacation time?

Outing styles are ready—bathesuits, feather-weight worsteds, wool crashes, homespun; all the very light fabrics which are classed as "outings" and are so largely worn at business.

Coat and trousers suits, \$15 to \$30.

A silk and wool homespun is a good novelty in this stock.

Tennis shoes in ten styles. Tennis shirts with soft collars. Tennis trousers, cotton and linen duck.

Dusters for to-morrow's motoring. Motoring mackintoshes, if it should rain.

Riding breeches. Golfing shoes and golf balls.

Straw hats; starting fast.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY, Three Broadway Stores.

258 at 12th st. 342 at 24th st.

Warren st. 12th st. 24th st.

ADmiral GOODRICH RETIRES.

Will Hand Over Command of Brooklyn Navy Yard to Capt. Merdock Today.

U. S. N., retired, will quit his post as commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard this morning. The Admiral's retirement will be marked with impressive ceremonies. He will go direct from the yard to the Grand Central Station and take a train for Albany and will go thence in a motor car to join his family at his home at Forest Hills.

Admiral Goodrich is expected, will be Supervisor of the Navy Yard, a position created for him in the closing days of the Roosevelt Administration. The Admiral said yesterday:

"While nothing has been done to abrogate the order creating the department and assigning me to it, no directions have been given as to making it an active position. I do not expect to be retained in active service."

Yesterday morning Major-Gen. Wood, accompanied by several members of his staff, paid his last official call to the Admiral.

Charlemagne Tower to Live in the Old Family Mansion Near Ulster.

ULSTER, May 14.—Charlemagne Tower, formerly Ambassador to St. Petersburg and Berlin, with his family will to-morrow take up his residence in the Tower, a country home at Waterville, a few miles south of this city, after many years absence. The house was erected 100 years ago by Reuben Tower, grandfather of the present owner, and but very few changes have been made in it during all those years. Mr. Tower and family will reside in the Waterville homestead at least during the summer months.

Valhalla Station Robbed.

WHITE PLAINS, May 14.—Early this morning burglars forced an entrance into the Valhalla station on the Harlem railroad, three miles north of White Plains, and stole seven express packages containing valuable articles consigned

At 15 Dollars

In an effort to reach a low price a good many suits are sold for \$15 that are not worth the money.

We won't offer anything that we can't guarantee.

We make the best \$15 suit that the price can buy—in Blues, Blacks and Fancy Mixtures.

A little more money, however, gets a good deal more value.

From \$18.50 to \$25 will buy all the style and service you want.

Above those figures you pay for luxury.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open this evening till 9.

Browning, King & Company

Brooklyn at 32nd Street

Cooper Square at 5th Street

Fifth Street, Brooklyn

JOHN S. CAREY JIMPORTING TAILOR

New Location

You saddle no obligation when you inspect our charming spring fabrics.

FINE CUTTING AND TAILORING

Suitings to Order \$20.00

124 Nassau Street

Between Beekman and Ann Streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

Last Two Shows To-day 8:15.

BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST SHOW

PAWNEE BILL'S WILD WEST SHOW

LED IN PERSON BY THE ORIGINAL BUFFALO BILL

POSITIVELY AFRICAN BURNING

Go To-day. Your Last Chance.

Admission 25c and 50c. Reserved 75c. 1st. 50c. 2nd. 25c. 3rd. 10c. 4th. 5c. 5th. 2c. 6th. 1c. 7th. 5c. 8th. 2c. 9th. 1c. 10th. 5c. 11th. 2c. 12th. 1c. 13th. 5c. 14th. 2c. 15th. 1c. 16th. 5c. 17th. 2c. 18th. 1c. 19th. 5c. 20th. 2c. 21st. 1c. 22nd. 5c. 23rd. 2c. 24th. 1c. 25th. 5c. 26th. 2c. 27th. 1c. 28th. 5c. 29th. 2c. 30th. 1c. 31st. 5c. 32nd. 2c. 33rd. 1c. 34th. 5c. 35th. 2c. 36th. 1c. 37th. 5c. 38th. 2c. 39th. 1c. 40th. 5c. 41st. 2c. 42nd. 1c. 43rd. 5c. 44th. 2c. 45th. 1c. 46th. 5c. 47th. 2c. 48th. 1c. 49th. 5c. 50th. 2c. 51st. 1c. 52nd. 5c. 53rd. 2c. 54th. 1c. 55th. 5c. 56th. 2c. 57th. 1c. 58th. 5c. 59th. 2c. 60th. 1c. 61st. 5c. 62nd. 2c. 63rd. 1c. 64th. 5c. 65th. 2c. 66th. 1c. 67th. 5c. 68th. 2c. 69th. 1c. 70th. 5c. 71st. 2c. 72nd. 1c. 73rd. 5c. 74th. 2c. 75th. 1c. 76th. 5c. 77th. 2c. 78th. 1c. 79th. 5c. 80th. 2c. 81st. 1c. 82nd. 5c. 83rd. 2c. 84th. 1c. 85th. 5c. 86th. 2c. 87th. 1c. 88th. 5c. 89th. 2c. 90th. 1c. 91st. 5c. 92nd. 2c. 93rd. 1c. 94th. 5c. 95th. 2c. 96th. 1c. 97th. 5c. 98th. 2c. 99th. 1c. 100th. 5c.

THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S

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W.L. DOUGLAS
\$3.00 \$3.50 & \$4.00
SHOES

W.L. Douglas makes and sells More Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes Than Any Other Manufacturer in the World.

W. L. Douglas \$4.00 shoes cannot be equalled at any price.

W.L. Douglas gives the wearer the benefit of the most complete organization of skilled shoemakers in this country, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

W. L. Douglas shoes are the greatest values on earth. They fit better, wear better, and hold their shape longer than any other make you can buy. Quality counts. It has made W. L. Douglas shoes what they are—the leaders of the world.

First Color Illustration Used

W. L. Douglas \$1.75 & \$2.00 shoes for boys. Best in the world.

CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on both sides, which protects you against cheap imitations and insures you against loss of money.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. Whenever you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach. Write for color illustration and full particulars. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.